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Project Report

PA-229-4
(RSP)

Data Reduction Program Documentation

ALTAP

(Effective: April 1971)

C. R. Berndtson
R. H. French
D. E. Nessman

19611
2 April 1971

Prepared for the Advanced Research Projects Agency,
the Department of the Army, and the Department of the Air Force
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Lincoln Laboratory

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Lexington, Massachusetts



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MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
LINCOLN LABORATORY

6 DATA REDUCTION PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION ALTAP
(EFFECTIVE: APRIL 1971).

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FOREWORD

This is the fourth report in the Data Reduction Program Documentation series. It is dated according to the date of completion of the documentation. No implication is made that this program will not subsequently be modified, amended, or superseded; on the contrary, the history of radar data processing is one of continuous evolution of techniques, and it is unrealistic to assume that steady-state has been reached. The PA-229 series is being published for the convenience of interested parties, and Lincoln assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the information presented, nor for its currency.

The preparation of reports in this series is under the Editorship of Charles R. Berndtson of Lincoln, and of D. Nessman and R. French of Philco-Ford Corporation. Inquiries, suggestions, corrections, criticisms, and requests for additional copies should be directed to C. R. Berndtson.

The principal contributor to this report was A. J. Poirier (Philco-Ford). Due to the intricate, evolutionary manner in which the programs came into being, the editors regret that it is in general impossible to give due credit to all -- mathematicians or radar analysts or programmers -- who contributed to the definition and writing of the programs.


Alan A. Grometstein

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COMMON SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

(The units given for certain quantities are the units commonly used for those quantities, unless otherwise noted.)

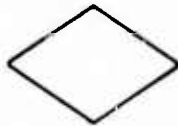
ADT	ALCOR Data Tape
Alt	Altitude (km)
APS	Average Pulse Shape
ARS	ALTAIR Recording System
Avg	Average, Averaging
Az	Azimuth (deg)
CADJ	Adjusted Calibration Constant (db)
C-band	ALCOR frequency, 5664 MHz (NB) and 5667 MHz (WB)
EI	Elevation (deg)
EOF	End of File
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
h	Hours
Hz	Hertz
in	Inches
LC	Left Circular Polarization
min	Minutes
NB	Narrow Band
NRTPOD	Non-real Time Precision Orbit Determination Program
POD	Project PRESS Operation and Data Summary Report
Phase	Presented in deg
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency (pps)
PRI	Pulse Repetition Interval (s)
pps	Pulses per second
pts	Points
R	Range (km)
R	Range Rate (km/s)
rad	Radians
RC	Right Circular Polarization
RCS	Radar Cross Section (dbsm)

s	Seconds
SD _w	Standard Deviation of Wake Velocity
T	Time
TAL	Time After Launch (s)
UHF	ALTAIR Frequency; 415 MHz
V	Velocity
V _d	Doppler Velocity
V _w	Mean Wake Velocity
VHF	ALTAIR Frequency; 155.5 MHz
WB	Wide Band
θ	Total Off-axis Angle (deg)
λ	Wavelength
*	Denotes Multiplication

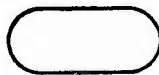
FLOW DIAGRAM SYMBOLS



PROCESS, ANNOTATION



DECISION



TERMINATOR



SUBROUTINE: where NAME is the entry
call into the subroutine



CONNECTOR: where P specifies a page in the
flow diagram, and L designates
a statement number in the program
listing or a reference point in the
flow diagram



CONNECTOR: where X implies a continuation
of the diagram to the next page



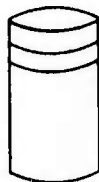
INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATION



MAGNETIC TAPE



PUNCHED CARD



DISK

ALTAP

I. PURPOSE AND UTILIZATION

A. Source of Data

ALTAIR¹

B. Data Input

ALTAIR transcription tape

C. Description

ALTAP calculates RCS of waking targets during re-entry. It computes RCS for up to 120 range gates. It is normally run every 0.1 s with the data averaged over 0.05 s.

D. Output

1. Plots of RCS vs relative range at altitude increments of approximately 2.5 km or for every averaging interval. Such plots are non-coherent average pulse shapes (APS) which show the position of the wake relative to the body, and display the body and wake RCS.

2. Punched cards containing TAL, Alt, gate no., and RCS if APS plots were obtained every 2.5 km.* These cards may be edited and modified using results of coherent data analysis programs and then used in a plotting program to produce the coherent APS shown in the POD.

3. Punched cards containing TAL, Alt, and RCS of the peak gate. These cards may be edited and modified using results of coherent data processing programs and then used in a plotting program to produce a peak wake plot.

*If APS plots were obtained every averaging interval, no punched cards are produced.

4. Listing of RCS every averaging interval for a maximum of 120 gates.

5. Listing of RCS in m^2 in addition to dbsm can be requested.

II. DESCRIPTION

ALTAP computes average RCS for selected gates and time intervals. ALTAP will process only one data channel on one target per run. The averaging interval may be any value larger than the PRI. The program averages in m^2 and then converts to dbsm for printouts and plots.

The altitude on the transcription tape has a resolution of 1 km. Therefore, the altitude used in ALTAP is computed assuming a spherical earth as follows:

$$\text{Alt} = (R^2 + R_e^2 + 2RR_e \sin EI)^{\frac{1}{2}} - R_e$$

where R_e = radius of earth (6378.145 km).

A number of input parameters and transcription tape parameters are checked for validity before processing.

The main program checks the following input parameters:

$$0 < \text{IPOL} < 4$$

$$\text{IPAT} = 1 \text{ or } 2$$

$$\text{TAVG} \neq 0$$

$$\text{INTARG} \neq 0$$

$$\text{NRG} \neq 0$$

Subroutine ALREAD² makes a number of other checks on transcription tape parameters which are described in detail in the ALREAD description. For some errors (missing format tables; end of file; target no., sampling pattern, or polarization not on tape) information is returned to main program for decision to terminate.

III. OPERATION

A. Input

Start and stop times (GMT)
Averaging interval and skip time*
Target and sampling pattern numbers
Specified set of range gates
Initial gate for computing peak wake RCS
Alt to start APS plots
Options for punching and plotting data

A sample ALTAP input is shown in Appendix A.

CARD 1 (15A4)

(Col.)

1-60 TITLE 60 character title for printout and plots.

CARD 2 (2I3, F7.3, 2I3, F7.3, 4X, 5I5, 2F10.3)

1- 3	IH1 (I3)	}	Start time (GMT) in h, min, and s
4- 6	IM1 (I3)		
7-13	ZSEC1 (F7.3)		
14-16	IH2 (I3)	}	Stop time (GMT) in h, min, and s
17-19	IM2 (I3)		
20-26	ZSEC2 (F7.3)		
31-35	NRG		Number of range gates (I5)
36-40	INTARG		Target no. (I5)
41-45	IPAT**		Sampling pattern in which initial gate is located. (I5)
46-50	IPOL		Data channel: 1 = LC; 2 = RC; 3 = Az error [†] ; 4 = El error [†] (I5)
51-55	ISG ^{††}		Location within IPAT of initial gate (I5)

* Skip time is the time in seconds from the end of one averaging interval to the start of the next.

** Also called INPAT.

[†] VHF transcriptions only.

^{††} Also called ING and ISTGAT.

(Col.)

56-65	TAVG	Averaging interval in seconds (F10.3)
66-75	TSKIP	Skip time in seconds (F10.3)

CARD 3 (I5, 3F10.3, 3I5)

1- 5	ISTGT	The gate location, relative to ISG, in which to start looking for peak wake. If 0, the gate location is set to 1. (I5)
6-15	REQAL	The altitude at which to start the APS plotted at altitude intervals. (F10.3) This must be on tape within time interval being processed.
16-25	YMIN	The minimum ordinate of the APS plots in dbsm. If 0, the ordinate is set to -60.0 dbsm. (F10.3)
26-35	YMAX	The maximum ordinate of the APS plots in dbsm. If 0, the ordinate is set to +40.0 dbsm. (F10.3)
36-40	ISQM	1 : printed output in m^2 and dbsm. 0 : printed output in dbsm only. (I5)
41-45	IOPT	If > 0, program will plot every averaging interval. (I5) If \leq 0, program will plot every altitude interval.
46-50	IPUN	If \neq 0, program will punch peak wake data. (I5) If 0, punched peak wake cards not produced.

B. Output

LISTING

GMT and TAL, Alt, and R for mid-point of averaging interval

Frequency and polarization

Average RCS for each gate; Average RCS (m^2) for each gate (when requested).

Number of pulses used in averaging interval and CADJ

APS PLOTS

RCS vs relative range (m)

PUNCHED PEAK WAKE DATA

Alt (F10.3), RCS (F10.3), gate no. (I5)

PUNCHED APS DATA AT ALTITUDE INTERVALS *

Alt (F10.3), TAL (F10.3)

RCS (F10.3), gate no. (I5)
(1 card for each gate selected)

Sample ALTAP outputs are given in Appendix B.

* Produced only when IOPT \leq 0 and REQAL is input.

IV. PROGRAM LIMITATIONS

Start time	Must be on tape
Stop time	Must be on tape
NRG	≤ 120 gates
TAVG	Must be larger than the PRI
TSKIP	Cannot be negative
INTARG	Must be on tape within start and stop times
Length of run	With no punched cards: no limit.
	With punched cards: ≤ 300 averaging intervals

V. PROGRAMMING

A. TAPOS (see Appendices C and D.)

TAPOS is the control section of ALTAP. TAPOS reads the input cards, calls ALREAD, and averages the data returned. TAPOS also calls the plot routines, and prints and punches all data.

B. PEAK (see Appendices E and F.)

PEAK searches an array of RCS to find the largest value; it saves this value and the gate number of the value. PEAK then passes these values back to TAPOS. A location within the array of RCS may be specified to start the search.

The call statement is PEAK (AVGAL, NRG, ISTGT, IRGA, AVGSX, ISPOT).

INPUT

AVGAL	Alt *
NRG	Number of range gates
ISTGT	Start gate for peak relative to ISG
IRGA	Array of gate nos.
AVGSX	Array of RCS for gates

OUTPUT

ISPOT	Peak gate identification
-------	--------------------------

STORED IN COMMON

INN	Running number of averaging intervals
GTMAX	Array of peak RCS*
ALT	Array of altitudes*
IGAT	Array of peak gate nos.*

* One value for each averaging interval.

C. ALTIT (see Appendices G and H.)

ALTIT computes Alt by using R, El, and the radius of the earth, and returns this value to TAPOS.

The call statement is ALTIT (AVGAL, AVGRG, AVGEL).

INPUT

AVGRG	R*
AVGEL	El*

OUTPUT

AVGAL	Alt*
-------	------

D. REFC (see Appendix J.)

ALTIT calls REFC. The tropospheric refraction correction subroutine, REFC, is based on tropospheric refraction tables in PPP-36.³ A modified version of this subroutine is now in use.

The call statement is REFC (E, R, DEE, DRR).

E	=	Uncorrected El (must be between 0 and 90)
R	=	Uncorrected R (<u>ft</u>)
DEE	=	El tropospheric correction
DRR	=	R tropospheric correction (<u>ft</u>)

The corrected values to be computed after exiting from the REFC subroutine are:

El	=	E-DEE
R (<u>ft</u>)	=	R-DRR

* For midpoint of averaging interval

E. BLOTO

BLOTO plots RCS vs relative range (m) every altitude or every averaging interval. The ordinate is variable through the optional input of YMIN and YMAX. Nominal values for these are -60.0 dbsm and +40.0 dbsm, respectively.

F. TSPLIT (see Appendix K.)

TSPLIT is used to convert time from GMT total seconds to h, min, s, and decimal fractions of s.

The call statement is TSPLIT (AVGTM, IHM, TRUN).

INPUT

AVGTM	GMT total seconds
-------	-------------------

OUTPUT

IHM (1)	Hours
IHM (2)	Minutes
TRUN	Seconds and decimal fractions of seconds

G. ALREAD²

ALREAD is the Fortran driver for the machine language tape reading routines.

The call statement is ALREAD (TSTART, TSTOP, TLIFT, INTARG, INPAT, IPOL, NOPHA, NPTS, DFPG, NEWPAS, NRG, ISTGAT).

INPUT

TSTART	Start time of processing (GMT total seconds)
TSTOP	End time of processing (GMT total seconds)
INTARG	Target number to be processed

INPAT	Sampling pattern in which initial gate is located
NRG	Number of range gates to be processed
ISTGAT	Location within INPAT of initial gate wanted
NOPHA	1 (only RCS data wanted)
IPOL	Data channel: 1 = LC; 2 = RC; 3 = Az error; 4 = El error

INPUT and OUTPUT PARAMETERS

NPTS*	Output: number of pulses of data returned Input: must be initialized by calling program before each call to ALREAD
NEWPAS**	Cycle and error pointer

OUTPUT

TLIFT	Lift-off time (GMT total seconds)
DFPG	Frequency and polarization (e.g. VHF LC)

VALUES STORED IN COMMON

TIMES	Pulse times (GMT total seconds)
XSPHA	RCS and phase for each pulse and gate
RANGKM	R
ELSAV	El (rad)
CALOUT [†]	Adjusted calibration constant
IRGA	Range gate array associated with XSPHA
NFPG	Frequency code: 1 = VHF; 2 = UHF

*Set to zero for first call. Set to number of saved points for subsequent calls.

**Also called IAGAIN.

[†]Also called CADJ.

H. REW

REW is an entry to subroutine BREADS⁴ used to rewind the tape.

J. Plotting System Subroutines

They are REREAD, STOIDV, and PLTND.

REFERENCES

1. "ALTAIR Data User's Manual", LM-97, Lincoln Laboratory, M.I.T. (to be published), UNCLASSIFIED.
2. "Data Reduction Program Documentation, ALREAD, (Effective: March 1971)", PA-229-3, Lincoln Laboratory, M.I.T. (17 March 1971), UNCLASSIFIED.
3. J. P. Penhune, "Refraction Corrections for the TRADEX Radar", PPP-36, Lincoln Laboratory, M.I.T. (21 April 1965), UNCLASSIFIED.
4. "Data Reduction Program Documentation, ALTAIR Tape Read Package, (Effective: April 1970)", PA-229-1, Lincoln Laboratory, M.I.T. (17 March 1971), UNCLASSIFIED.

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APPENDIX E ALTAP OUTPUTS

ALTAP TAP VERSION 12 FEB 1971

ALTAP 31164 LC (2)
TARGET NUMBER = 19

TIME(GMT) = 12 8 30.9748 43711.0748 RANGE(KM) = 173.648 ALT(KM) = 64.391 29 PULSES CADJ = 12.547
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 FPG = UHF-LC -42.3 -38.8 -36.8 -39.5 -37.2 -23.1 -2.0 -16.3 -31.3 -34.9 -38.3 -43.3 -44.2 -37.1 -39.7 -42.9 -35.8 -40
 RANGE GATES 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
 FPG = UHF-LC -55.1 -34.8 -38.1 -38.0 -37.0 -42.4 -38.4 -43.2 -44.0 -43.6 -44.4 -42.0 -44.9 -43.2 -43.0 -45.1 -44.2 -43
 RANGE GATES 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
 FPG = UHF-LC -45.4 -44.4 -45.0 -45.7 -46.8 -44.1 -43.5 -39.5 -41.5 -42.2 -47.3 -44.1 -41.7 -43.9 -44.3 -42.9 -44.5 -43
 RANGE GATES 159 167 175 183 191 199 207 215 223 231 239 247 255 263 271 279 287 295
 FPG = UHF-LC -43.7 -44.0 -45.3 -44.7 -44.2 -43.6 -44.1 -43.5 -43.1 -44.9 -45.1 -42.3 -45.2 -44.5 -42.3 -42.9 -44.1 -45.1
 RANGE GATES 303 311 319 327 335 343
 FPG = UHF-LC -43.7 -43.4 -45.1 -40.0 -34.4 -34.4

TIME(GMT) = 12 8 30.9748 TIME(UTSEC) = 43711.0748 RANGE(KM) = 173.648 ALT(KM) = 64.391 29 PULSES
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 SQUARE METERS 5.867E-05 1.324E-04 2.084E-04 1.120E-04 1.904E-04 4.944E-03 6.372E-01 2.334E-02 7.374E-04
 RANGE GATES 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
 SQUARE METERS 3.223E-04 1.476E-04 4.678E-05 3.838E-05 1.944E-04 1.084E-04 5.165E-05 2.614E-04 8.040E-05
 RANGE GATES 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
 SQUARE METERS 3.925E-04 3.298E-04 1.565E-04 1.602E-04 2.015E-04 5.716E-05 1.438E-04 4.839E-05 3.967E-05
 RANGE GATES 159 167 175 183 191 199 207 215 223 231 239 247 255 263 271 279 287 295
 SQUARE METERS 4.334E-05 3.638E-05 6.267E-05 3.259E-05 4.826E-05 4.956E-05 3.073E-05 3.803E-05 4.516E-05
 RANGE GATES 303 311 319 327 335 343
 SQUARE METERS 2.895E-05 3.604E-05 3.169E-05 2.709E-05 2.101E-05 3.873E-05 4.442E-05 1.113E-04 7.121E-05
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 SQUARE METERS 5.971E-05 1.861E-05 3.907E-05 5.702E-05 4.077E-05 3.678E-05 5.111E-05 3.584E-05 4.371E-05
 RANGE GATES 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
 SQUARE METERS 4.265E-05 3.948E-05 2.971E-05 3.424E-05 3.843E-05 4.328E-05 3.929E-05 4.518E-05 4.878E-05
 RANGE GATES 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
 SQUARE METERS 3.237E-05 3.066E-05 5.867E-05 2.993E-05 3.466E-05 5.241E-05 4.733E-05 4.895E-05 3.060E-05
 RANGE GATES 159 167 175 183 191 199 207 215 223 231 239 247 255 263 271 279 287 295
 SQUARE METERS 4.226E-05 4.554E-05 3.118E-05 9.857E-05 3.631E-04 3.596E-04

TIME(GMT) = 12 8 31.0751 43711.0751 RANGE(KM) = 172.980 ALT(KM) = 64.051 29 PULSES CADJ = 10.485
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 FPG = UHF-LC -42.8 -39.2 -37.6 -38.7 -37.2 -23.0 -2.7 -17.3 -32.6 -35.3 -38.6 -42.6 -43.7 -37.4 -40.2 -43.3 -37.6 -41.3
 RANGE GATES 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
 FPG = UHF-LC -33.4 -35.0 -38.0 -38.6 -37.9 -42.7 -39.0 -42.1 -43.1 -45.3 -45.4 -44.1 -45.5 -44.4 -43.2 -45.4 -45.8 -44.5
 RANGE GATES 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
 FPG = UHF-LC -45.2 -44.2 -44.4 -45.5 -45.7 -44.4 -42.2 -41.5 -40.8 -39.9 -41.9 -40.9 -43.7 -41.8 -42.9 -43.3 -46.1 -42.6
 RANGE GATES 159 167 175 183 191 199 207 215 223 231 239 247 255 263 271 279 287 295
 FPG = UHF-LC -44.4 -43.8 -43.0 -45.2 -43.9 -46.0 -43.8 -45.2 -43.9 -44.1 -44.4 -43.8 -43.4 -43.0 -42.7 -42.9 -44.4 -43.8
 RANGE GATES 303 311 319 327 335 343
 FPG = UHF-LC -45.5 -43.4 -44.0 -38.7 -34.6 -35.4

TIME(GMT) = 12 8 31.0751 TIME(UTSEC) = 43711.0751 RANGE(KM) = 172.980 ALT(KM) = 64.051 29 PULSES
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 SQUARE METERS 5.254E-05 1.200E-04 1.743E-04 1.352E-04 1.838E-04 5.012E-03 5.336E-01 1.954E-02 5.445E-04
 RANGE GATES 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
 SQUARE METERS 2.926E-04 1.366E-04 5.527E-05 4.223E-05 1.805E-04 9.555E-05 4.677E-05 1.742E-04 7.436E-05
 RANGE GATES 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54
 SQUARE METERS 4.613E-04 3.192E-04 1.570E-04 1.391E-04 1.610E-04 5.405E-05 1.268E-04 5.164E-05 4.922E-05
 RANGE GATES 159 167 175 183 191 199 207 215 223 231 239 247 255 263 271 279 287 295
 SQUARE METERS 2.949E-05 2.908E-05 3.846E-05 2.798E-05 3.628E-05 4.811E-05 2.865E-05 2.624E-05 3.546E-05
 RANGE GATES 303 311 319 327 335 343
 SQUARE METERS 3.009E-05 3.831E-05 3.641E-05 2.845E-05 2.698E-05 3.654E-05 6.091E-05 7.044E-05 8.395E-05
 RANGE GATES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7* 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
 SQUARE METERS 5.254E-05 1.200E-04 1.743E-04 1.352E-04 1.838E-04 5.012E-03 5.336E-01 1.954E-02 5.445E-04

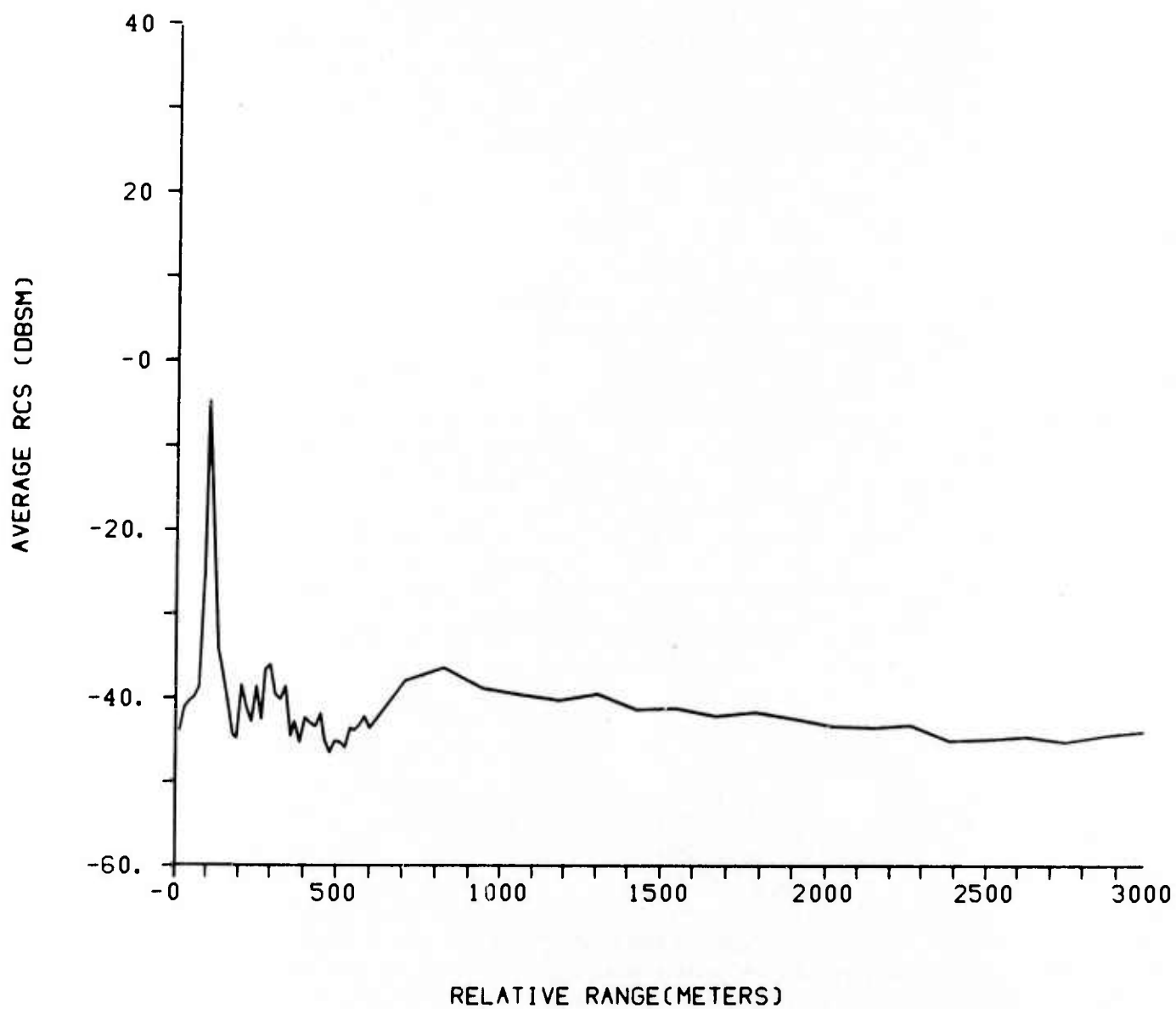
ALT(KM) 62.292

TIME(GMT) 12 8 31.5750

FPG = UHF-LC

PULSES= 30

TAL= 43711.574



PEAK WAKE DATA

[illegible]

APS DATA

[illegible]

RCS										GATE NO.										CARD 2																			
-50.895										1																													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40

APPENDIX C
TAPOS PROGRAM LISTING

```

DIMENSION DFPG(2),SUMSX(120),AVGSX(120),IDENT(15),IHM(2),
1GTMAX(3000),ALT(3000),IGAT(3000),UPLOG(120),ISTAR(121)
EQUIVALENCE(IHM(1),IHR),(IHM(2),IHIN)
COMMON/RDCONT/TIMES(300),ISPFA(120,300),RANGKH(300),ELSEV(300),
1CALOUT(300),IRGA(120),NPPG
COMMON/PEEK/INN,GTMAX,ALT,IGAT
DOUBLE PRECISION AVGTM,SEC,SUMTM,T1,T2,TIMES,TOTIM,TSTART,TSTOP,
1TSV,ZSEC,ZSEC1,ZSEC2,TLIFT
DATA IAST/'*'/
DATA ISTAR/121*' '/
DATA IBLANK/' '/
DATA UPLOG/120*0.0/
DATA SUMSX/120*0.0/
DATA AVGSX/120*0.0/
TCTIM(IH,IM,SEC)=DFLOAT(60*(60*IH+IM))+SEC
TSTOP=0.0
IAGAIN=0
41 SUMTM=0.0
ISPOT=121
NPTS=0
INN=0
READ(5,20,END=901) IDENT
20 FORMAT(15A4)
READ(5,60,END=901) IH1,IM1,ZSEC1,IH2,IM2,ZSEC2,NRG,INTARG,IPAT,IPOL
1,ISG,TAVG,TSKIP
60 FORMAT(2(2I3,F7.3),4X,5I5,2F10.3)
READ(5,61) ISTGT,REQAL,YMIN,YMAX,ISQM,IOPT,IPUN
61 FORMAT(15,3F10.3,3I5)
IF(ISTGT.EQ.0) ISTGT=1
WRITE(6,64)
64 FORMAT(5X,'THESE ARE YOUR INPUT CARDS')
WRITE(6,62) IH1,IM1,ZSEC1,IH2,IM2,ZSEC2,NRG,INTARG,IPAT,IPOL,
1ISG,TAVG,TSKIP
62 FORMAT(2(2I3,F7.3),4X,5I5,2F10.3)
WRITE(6,63) ISTGT,REQAL,YMIN,YMAX,ISQM,IOPT,IPUN
63 FORMAT(15,3F10.3,3I5)
IF(NRG.EQ.0) GO TO 550
IF(INTARG.EQ.0) GO TO 560
IF((IPAT.EQ.0).OR.(IPAT.GT.3)) GO TO 570
IF((IPOL.EQ.0).OR.(IPOL.GT.4)) GO TO 580
IF(TAVG.EQ.0.0) GO TO 590
70 TSTART=TOTIM(IH1,IM1,ZSEC1)
IF((TSTART.GT.TSTOP).AND.(IAGAIN.NE.44)) GO TO 72
CALL REW
IAGAIN=1
72 TSTOP=TOTIM(IH2,IM2,ZSEC2)
IF((REQAL.EQ.0.0).AND.(IOPT.EQ.0)) GO TO 75
CALL STOIDV(IDENT,59,0)
75 CALL REREAD(99,530)
COUNT=0
KOUNT=0
INT=0
T1=TSTART
T2=T1+TAVG
100 CALL ALREAD(TSTART,TSTOP,TLIFT,INTARG,IPAT,IPOL,1,NPTS,DFPG,IAGAIN

```

```

1, NRG, ISG)
  IF (IAGAIN.EQ.44) GO TO 510
  IF (IAGAIN.EQ.55) GO TO 901
  IF (NPTS.EQ.0) GO TO 41
  IF (INT.EQ.0) WRITE(6,140) IDENT, INTARG
140  FORMAT('1',30X' ALTAIR TAP VERSION 19 FEB 1971 '//31X,
      115A4/31X,'TARGET NUMBER = ',I5//)
  INT=1
  DO 220 I=1,NPTS
160  IF (TIMES(I).GT.T2) GO TO 240
  IF (T1.GT.TIMES(I)) GO TO 220
  INPT=I
  IF (SUMTH.NE.0.0) GO TO 180
  SUMTH=TIMES(I)
  SUMRG=RANGKM(I)
  SUMEL=ELSAV(I)
  CALSV=CALOUT(I)
180  DO 200 K=1, NRG
  EXTEN= (XSPHA(K,I) / 10.)
  IF (EXTEN.GT.75.0) GO TO 245
  XSPHA(K,I) = 10. ** EXTEN
  SUMSX(K) = SUMSX(K) + XSPHA(K,I)
200  CONTINUE
  TSV=TIMES(I)
  RSV=RANGKM(I)
  ESV=ELSAV(I)
  COUNT=CCUNT+1
220  CONTINUE
  IF (IAGAIN.EQ.0) GO TO 240
  NPTS=0
  GO TO 100
240  IF (COUNT.NE.0.0) GO TO 280
245  WRITE(6,260) T2, EXTEN
260  FORMAT(/25X'AT TIME = 'F12.4,2X'THERE IS A TIME GAP OR BAD DATA
      1 EXTEN = ',F10.4)
  GO TO 440
280  DO 340 J=1, NRG
  UPLOG(J) = SUMSX(J) / CCUNT
  IF (UPLOG(J).GT.0.0) GO TO 300
  AVGSX(J) = 99.99
  GO TO 320
300  AVGSX(J) = 10. * ALOG10 (UPLOG(J))
320  SUMSX(J) = 0.0
340  CONTINUE
  AVGTH= (SUMTH+TSV) / 2.
  AVGRG= (SUMRG+RSV) / 2.
  AVGEL= (SUMEL+ESV) / 2.
  IK=IFIX(CCUNT)
  IKT=IABS(KOUNT-IK)
  IF ((KOUNT.NE.0) .AND. (IKT.GT.2)) GO TO 424
  KOUNT=IFIX(COUNT)
  KOUNT=COUNT
  CALL TSPLIT(AVGTH,IHM,ZSEC)
  AVGTH=AVGTH-TLIFT
  CALL ALTIT(AVGAL,AVGRG,AVGEL)

```

```

      IF((REQAL.EQ.0.0).AND.(IOPT.EQ.0))GO TO 358
      CALL BLOTO(AVGAL,REQAL,NRG,YMIN,YMAX,COUNT,DPPG,IRGA,AVGSX,ZSEC,
1IMIN,IHR,NPPG,AVGTH,IOPT)
358  IF(ISTGT.EQ.0)GO TO 359
      CALL PEAK(AVGAL,NRG,ISTGT,IRGA,AVGSX,ISPOT)
359  WRITE(6,360) IHR,IMIN,ZSEC,AVGTH,AVGRG,AVGAL,KOUNT,CALSV
360  FORMAT(/2X'TIME(GMT) = ',2I3,F8.4,2X,F12.4,2X,'RANGE(KM) = ',
1F10.3,2X,'ALT(KM) = ',F10.3,2X,I4,' PULSES',2X,'CADJ = ',F10.3)
      IN=1
      ISTAR(ISPOT)=IAST
380  IOUT=IN+17
      IF(IOUT.GT.NRG) IOUT=NRG
      WRITE(6,400) (IRGA(L),ISTAR(L),L=IN,IOUT)
400  FORMAT(1X'RANGE GATES'3X,18(I5,A1))
      WRITE(6,420) DPPG, (AVGSX(L),L=IN,IOUT)
420  FORMAT(1X,'PPG = ',2A4,18F6.1)
      IN=IOUT+1
      IF(IN.LE.NRG)GO TO 380
      ISTAR(ISPOT)=IBLANK
      IF(ISQM.LT.1)GO TO 440
      WRITE(6,421) IHR,IMIN,ZSEC,AVGTH,AVGRG,AVGAL,KOUNT
421  FORMAT(/2X' TIME(GMT) = ',2I3,F8.4,2X'TIME(TSEC) = ',F12.4,2X,
1'RANGE(KM) = ',F10.3,2X,'ALT(KM) = ',F10.3,2X,I4,' PULSES')
      NI=1
427  ITUC=NI+8
      IF(ITUO.GT.NRG) ITUO=NRG
      WRITE(6,422) (IRGA(L),L=NI,ITUO)
422  FORMAT(1X'RANGE GATES'9I12)
      WRITE(6,423) (UPLOG(L),L=NI,ITUO)
423  FORMAT(1X'SQUARE METERS',1P9E12.3)
      NI=ITUO+1
      IF(NI.LE.NRG)GO TO 427
      GO TO 440
424  KOUNT=0
      WRITE(6,425)AVGTH,IK
425  FORMAT(/2X'AT TIME = ',F10.3,' THERE WAS A PRF CHANGE THE NUMBER OF
1 PULSES WAS ',I5)
440  COUNT=0
      T1=T2+TSKIP
      T2=T1+TAVG
      SUMTM=0.0
      SUMRG=0.0
      SUMAL=0.0
      IF(T2.LE.TIMES(NPTS))GO TO 160
      IF(T2.GT.TSTOP)GO TO 510
      DO 460 K=INET,NPTS
      KNPT=K
      IF(T1.LE.TIMES(K)) GO TO 480
460  CONTINUE
480  ND=NPTS-KNPT+1
      DO 500 N=1,ND
      NL=KNPT+N-1
      TIMES(N)=TIMES(NL)
      RANGKM(N)=RANGKM(NL)
      ELSAV(N)=ELSAV(NL)

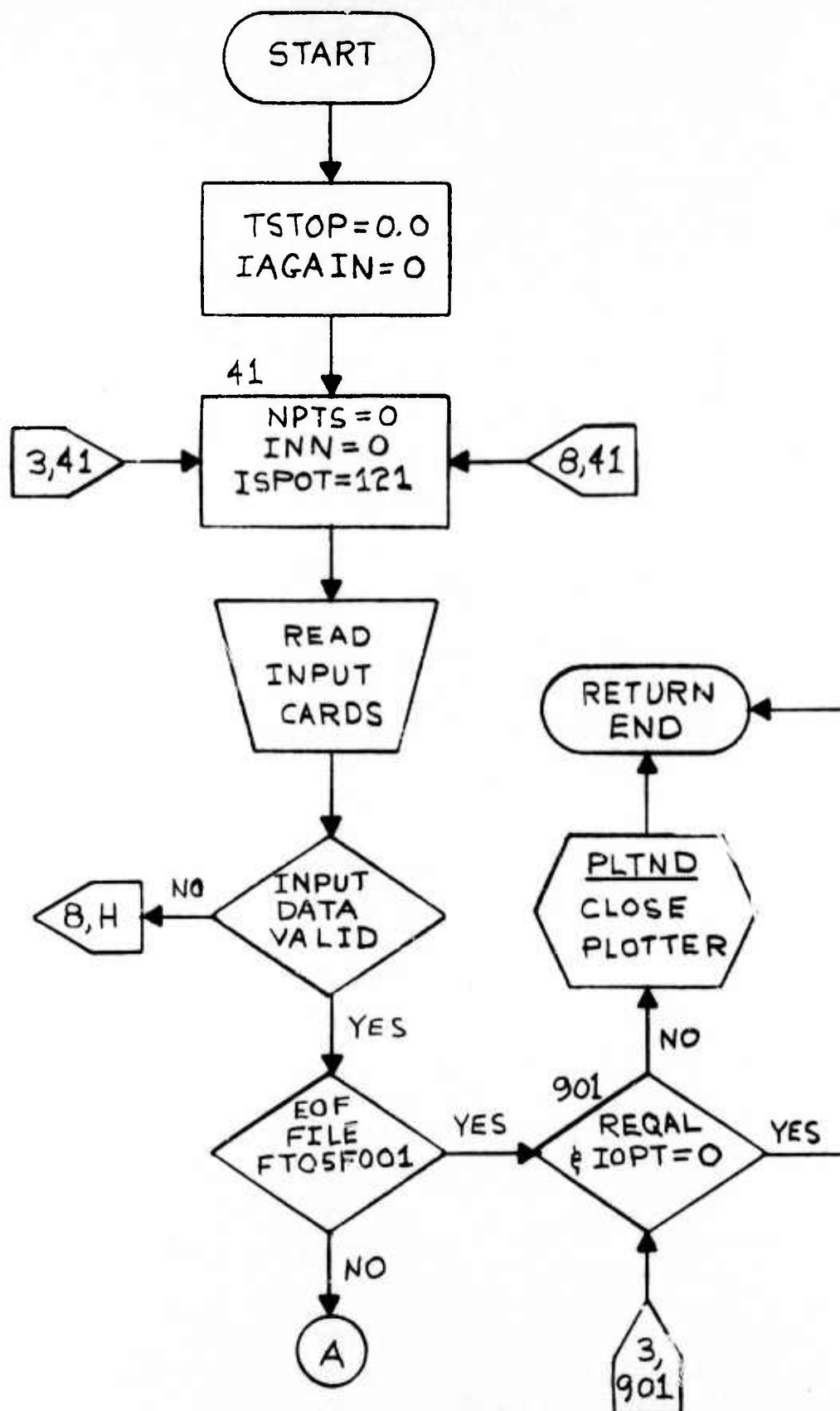
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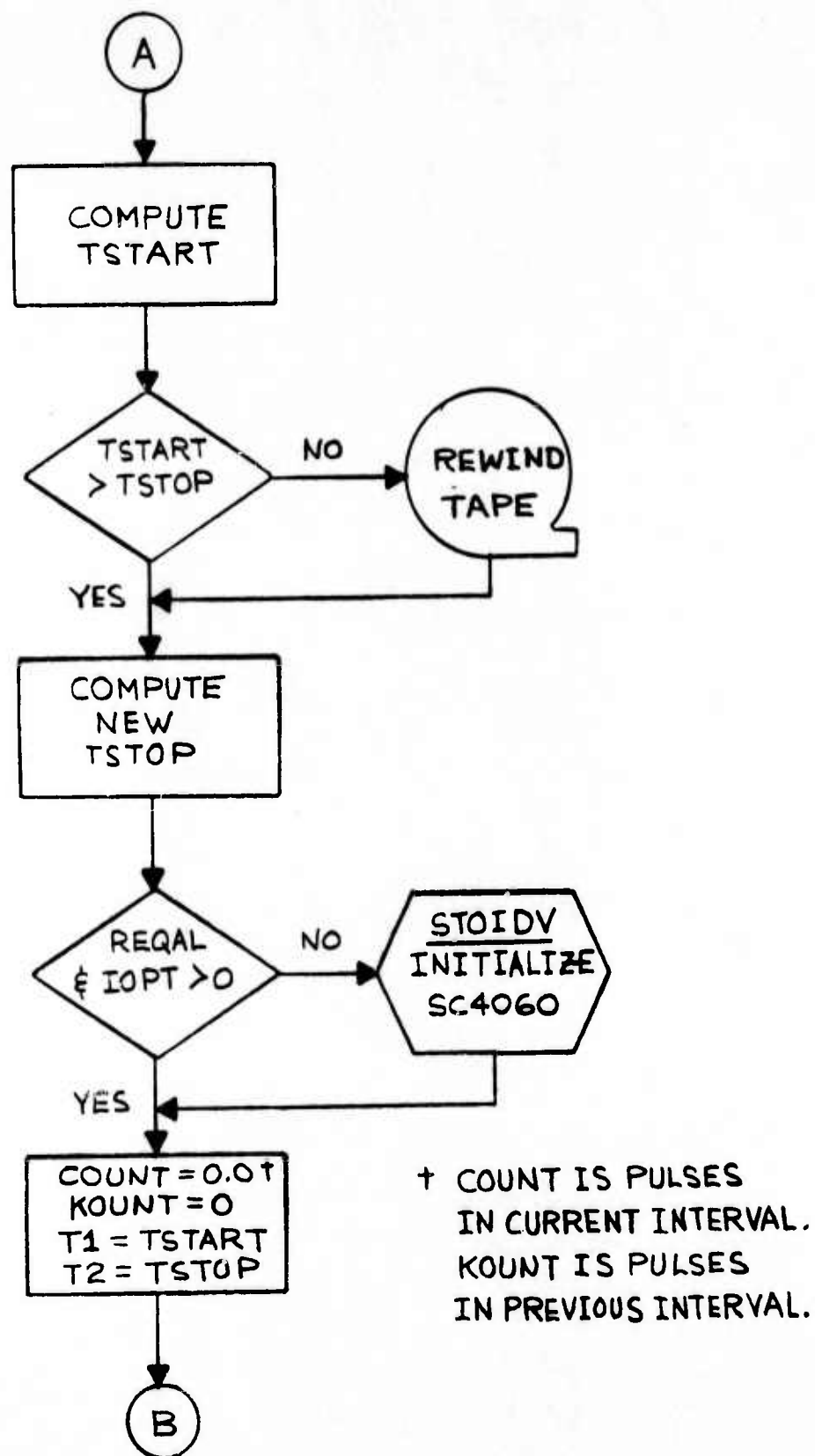
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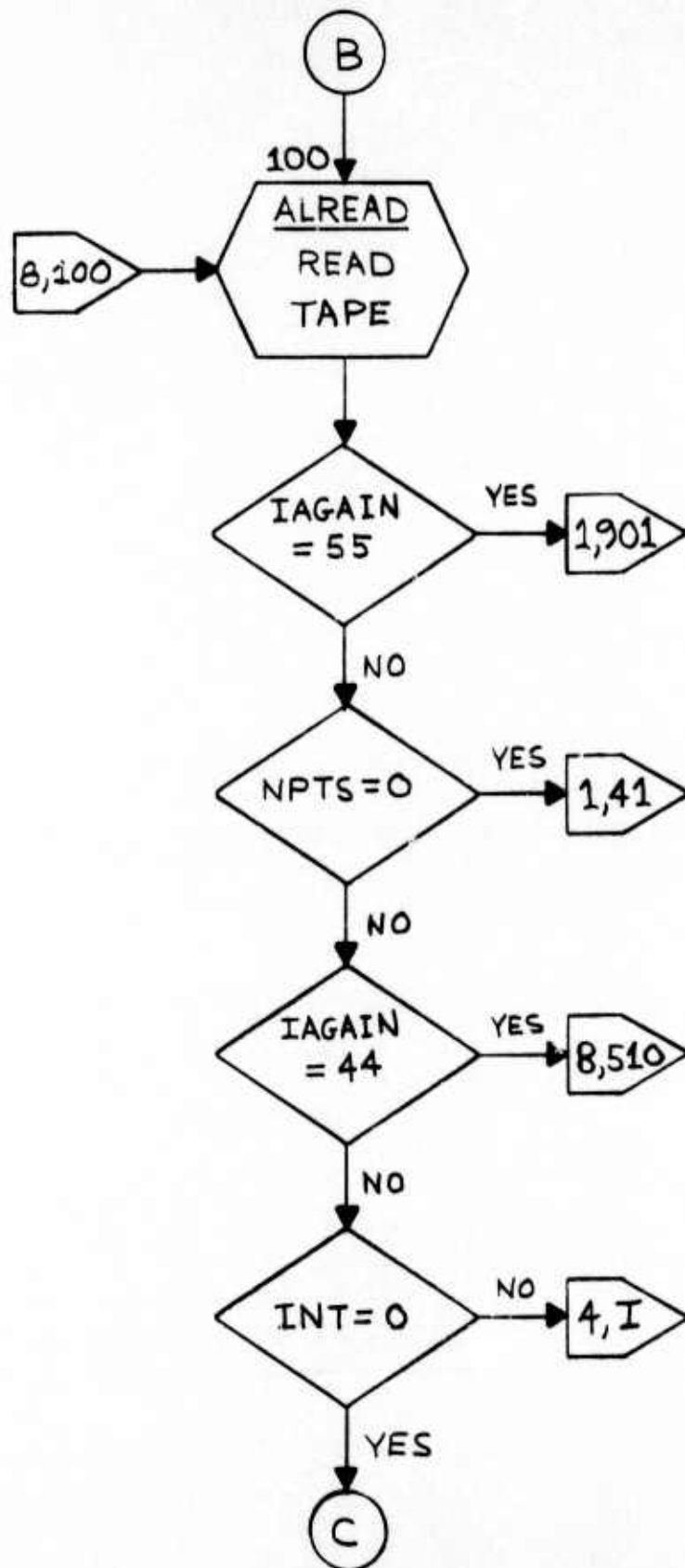
      CALOUT(N)=CALOUT(NL)
      DO 500 L=1,NRG
      XSPHA(L,N)=XSPHA(L,NL)
500  CONTINUE
      NPTS=ND
      IF(IAGAIN.NE.0)GO TO 100
510  IF(IPUN.EQ.0)GO TO 900
      WRITE(7,511) (ALT(M),GTMAX(M),IGAT(M),M=1,INN)
511  FORMAT(2F10.3,I5)
      GO TO 900
550  WRITE(6,555)
555  FORMAT(/2X'A ZERO VALUE WAS INPUT FOR NRG THIS IS A NO NO')
      GO TO 900
560  WRITE(6,565)
565  FORMAT(/2X'A ZERO VALUE WAS INPUT FOR THE TARGET #, THE DATA EDIT
      TOR HAS GOOFFED AGAIN')
      GO TO 900
570  WRITE(6,575)IPAT
575  FORMAT(/2X'A VALUE OF',I5,' WAS INPUT FOR IPAT THE ONLY LEGAL VA
      LUES FOR IPAT ARE 1,2,3')
      GO TO 900
580  WRITE(6,585)IPOL
585  FORMAT(/2X'A VALUE OF',I5,' WAS INPUT FOR IPOL THE ONLY LEGAL VA
      LUES FOR IPOL ARE 1,2,3,4')
      GO TO 900
590  WRITE(6,595)
595  FORMAT(/2X'A ZERO VALUE FOR TINC CAN NOT WORK IT WILL BE SET TO
      10.05 SECONDS AND THE PROGRAM WILL CONTINUE')
      TAVG=0.05
      GO TO 70
900  IAGAIN=99
      GO TO 41
901  IF((REQAL.EQ.0.0).AND.(ICPT.EQ.0)) GO TO 902
      CALL PLTND
902  RETURN
      END

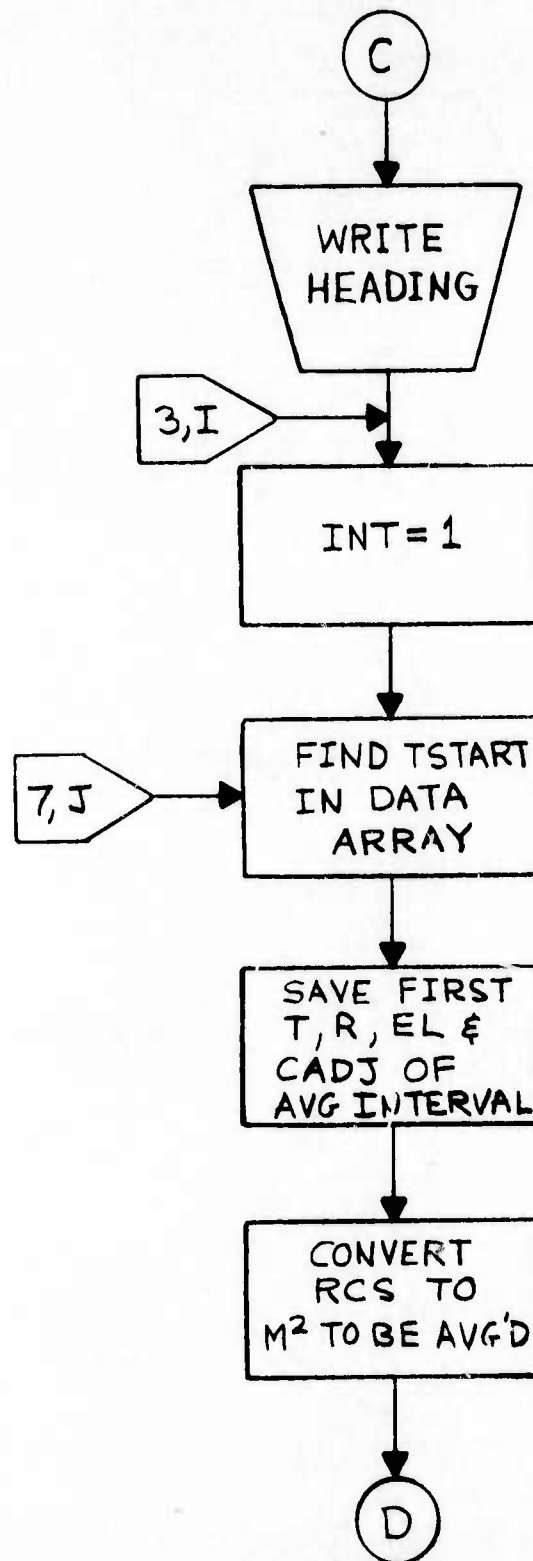
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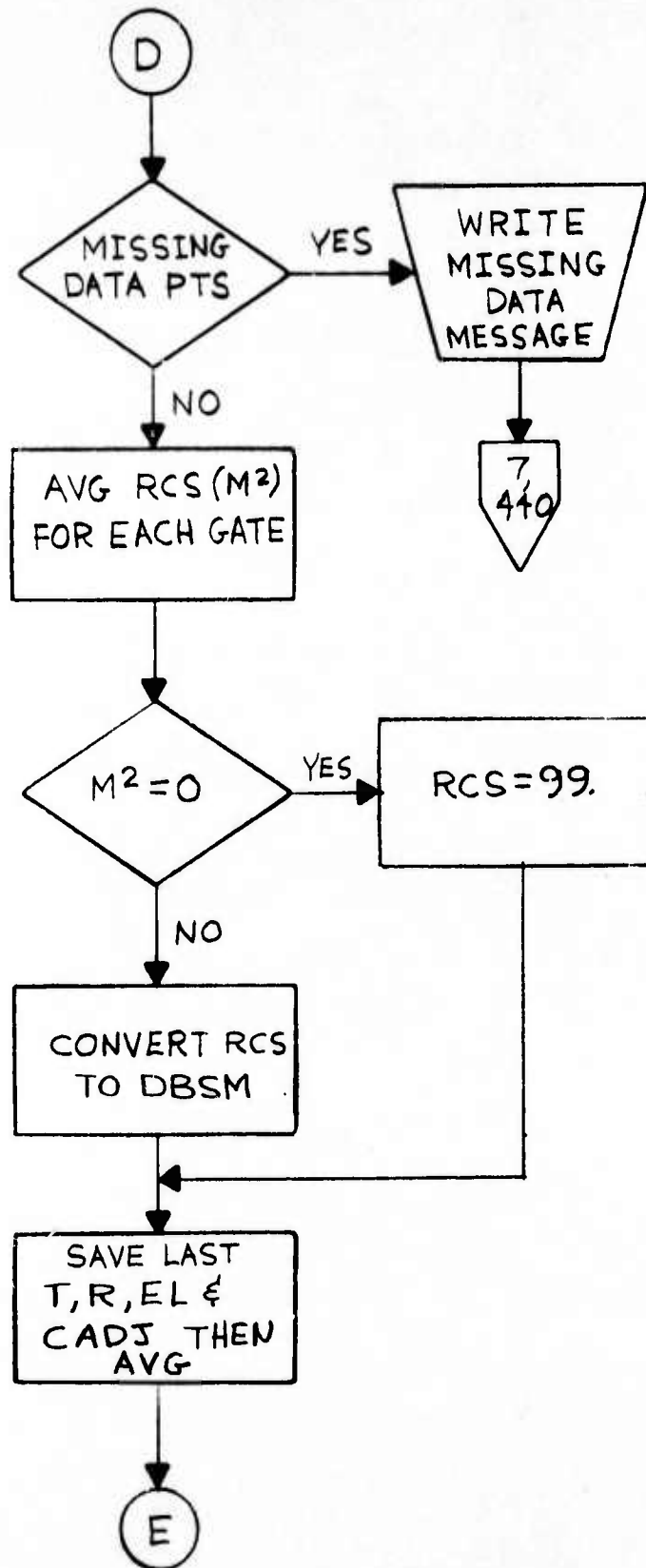
APPENDIX D
TAPOS FLOW DIAGRAM

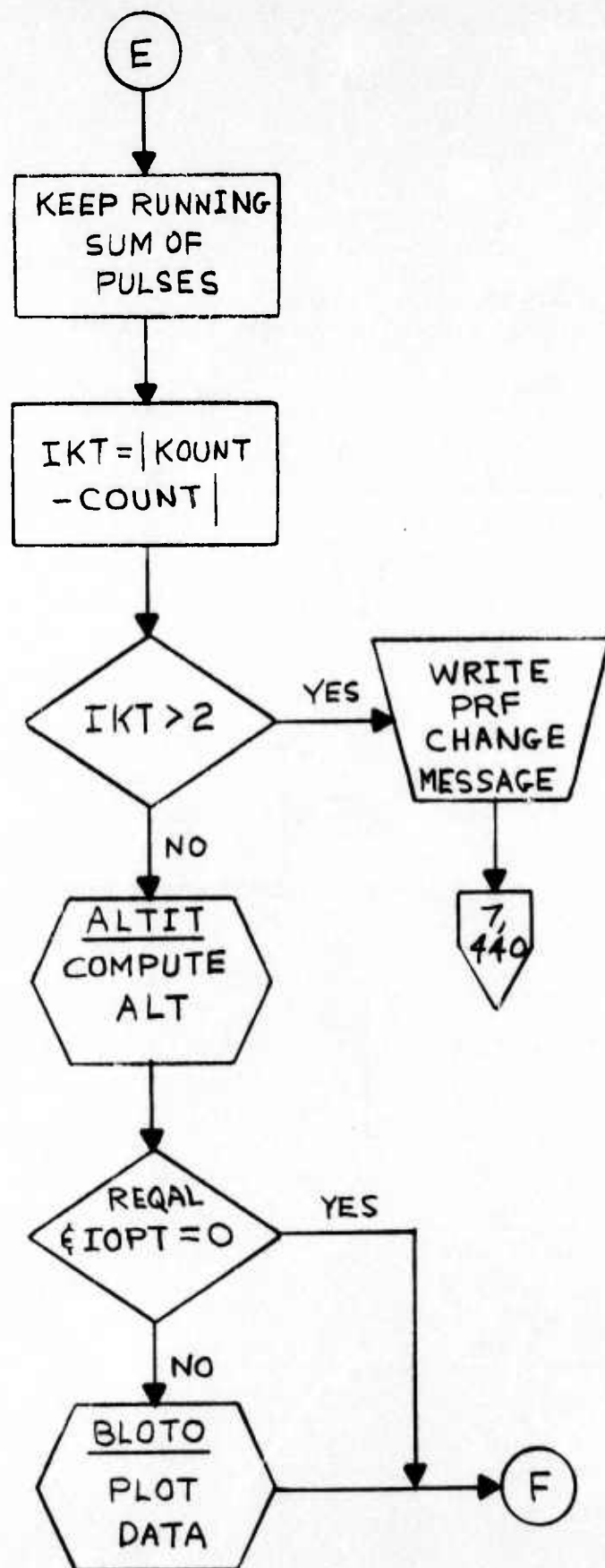


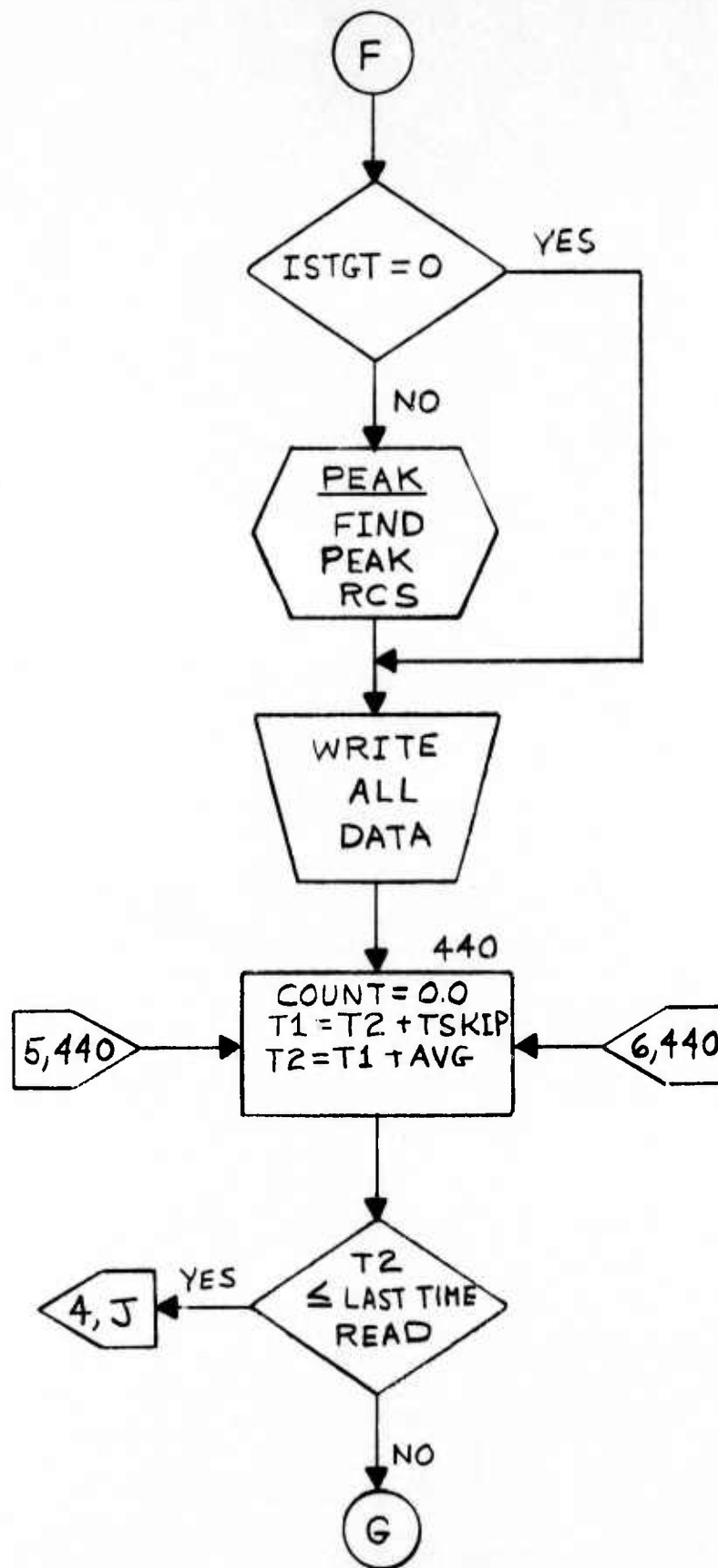


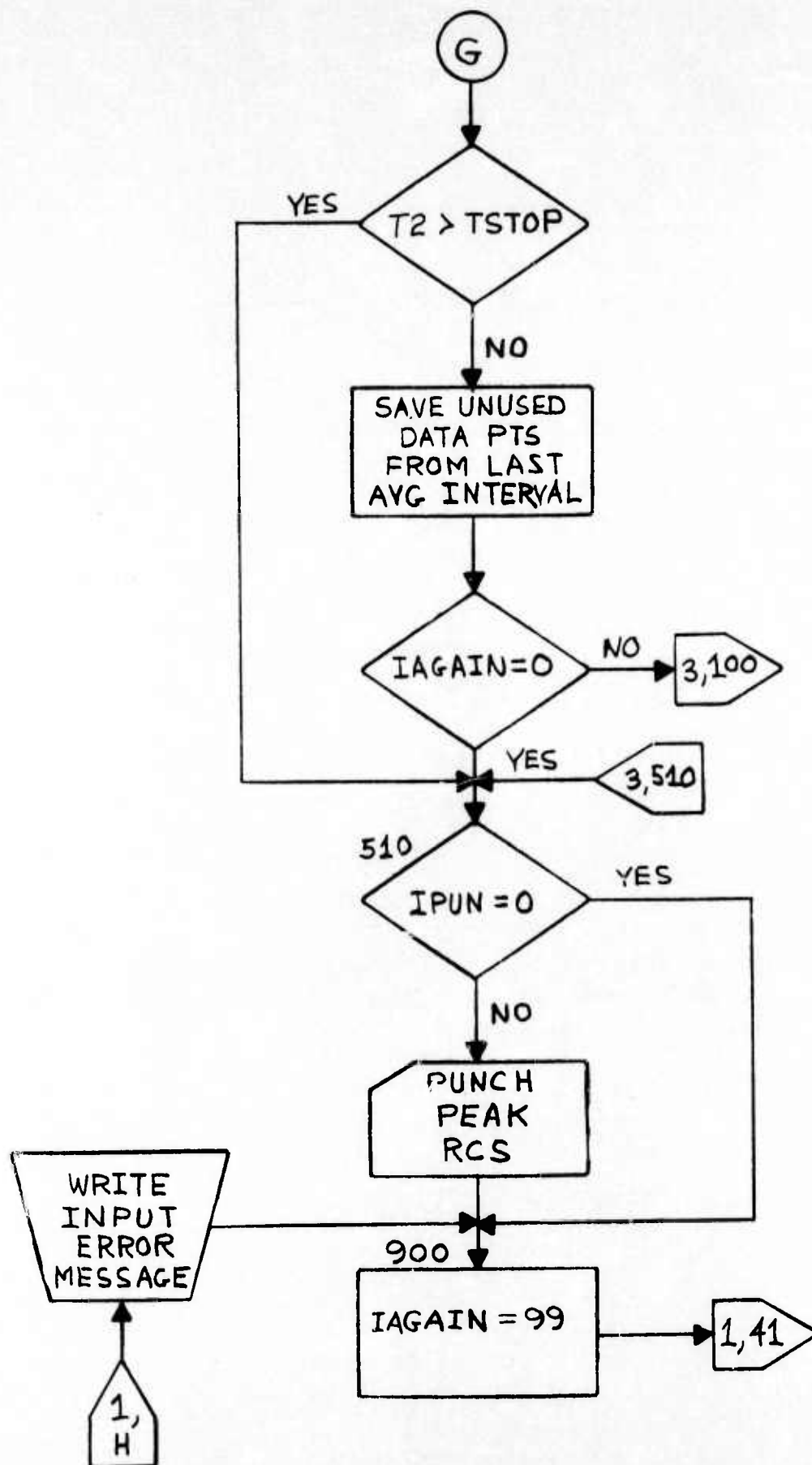








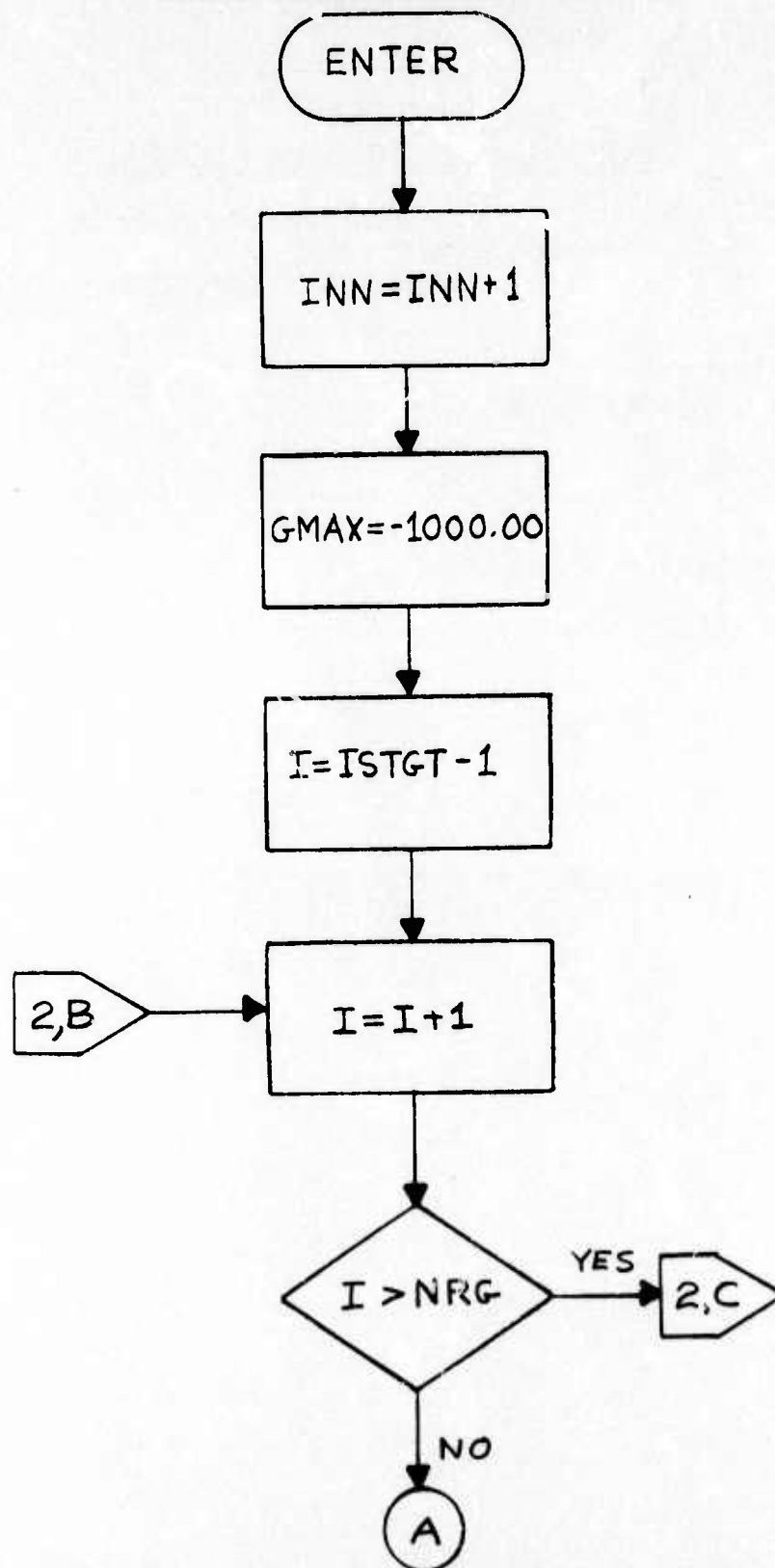


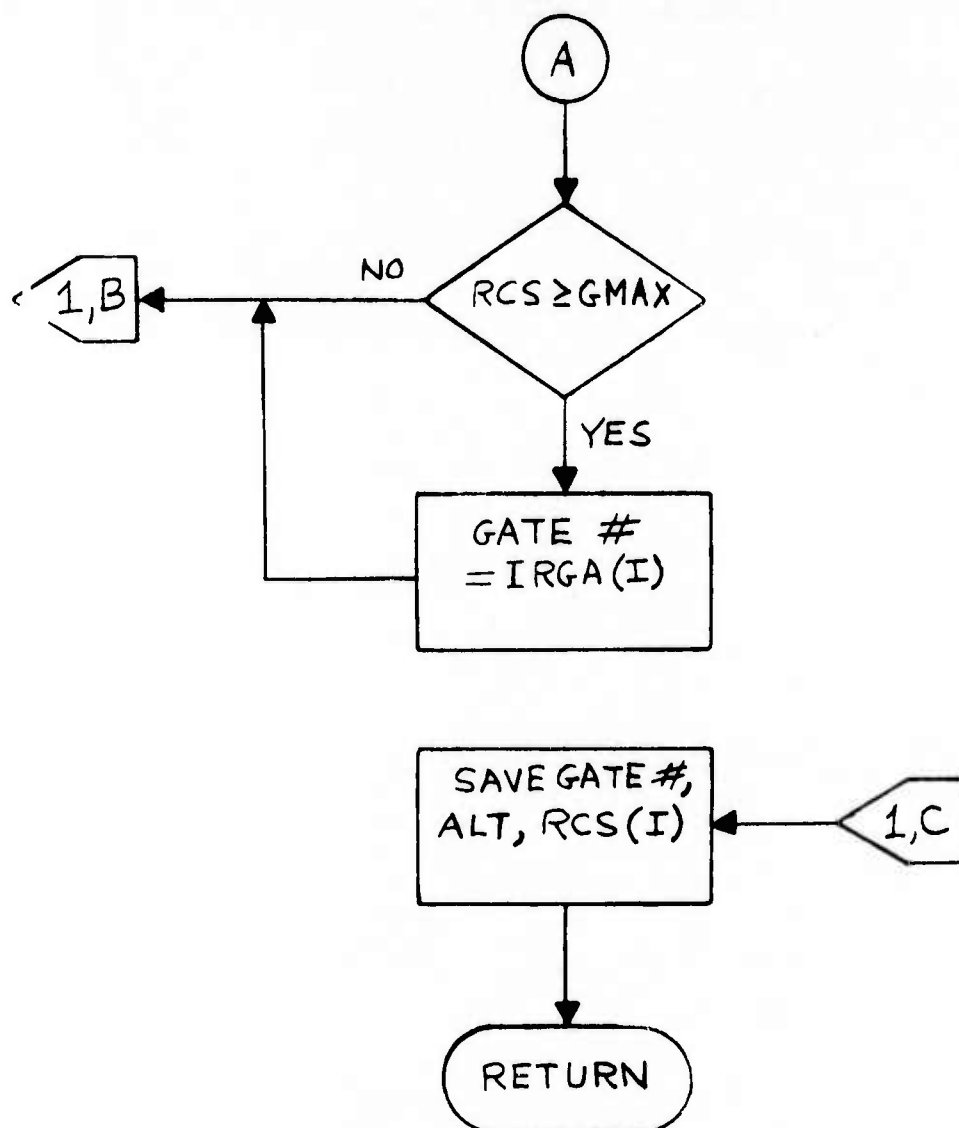


APPENDIX E
SUBROUTINE PEAK PROGRAM LISTING

```
SUBROUTINE PEAK(AVGAL, NRG, ISTGT, IRGA, AVGSX, ISPOT)
COMMON/PEEK/INN, GTMAX, ALT, IGAT
DIMENSION IRGA(NRG), AVGSX(NRG), GTMAX(3000), ALT(3000), IGAT(3000)
INN=INN+1
GMAX=-1000.0
DO 20 I=ISTGT, NRG
IF(AVGSX(I).IE.GMAX)GO TO 20
GMAX=AVGSX(I)
IGATE=IRGA(I)
ISPOT=I
20 CONTINUE
GTMAX(INN)=GMAX
ALT(INN)=AVGAL
IGAT(INN)=IGATE
RETURN
END
```


APPENDIX F
SUBROUTINE PEAK FLOW DIAGRAM

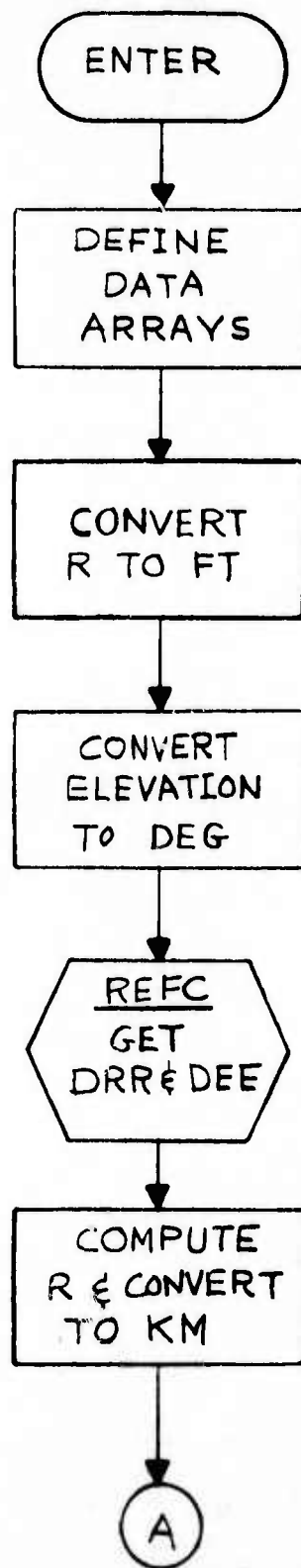


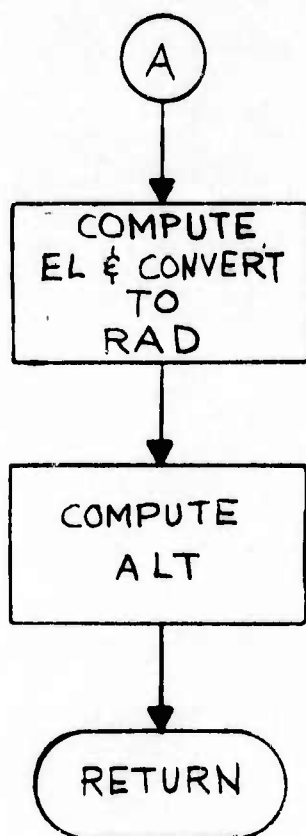


APPENDIX G
SUBROUTINE ALTIT PROGRAM LISTING

```
SUBROUTINE ALTIT (AVGAL,AVGRG,AVGEL)
DATA DR,XKMFT,RE/.0174533,.0003048,6378.145/
RR=AVGRG/XKMFT
AVGEE=AVGEL/DR
CALL REFC (AVGEE,RR,DEE,DRR)
RANGE=(RR-DRR)*XKMFT
ELEV=AVGEL-((DEE-.3)*DR)
ALT=SQRT(RANGE**2+RE**2+(2*RANGE*RE*SIN(ELEV)))
AVGAL=ALT-RE
RETURN
END
```

APPENDIX H
SUBROUTINE ALTIT FLOW DIAGRAM





APPENDIX J SUBROUTINE REFC PROGRAM LISTING

```

SUBROUTINE REFC(F,R,DEE,DNR)      EFFECTIVE: 16 JUNE 1970
  DIMENSION DE(16,8),DR(16,8),ED(16),RD(8)
  DATA DE/0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,
10.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0313,
20.0303,0.0292,0.0287,0.0282,0.0272,0.0262,0.0253,0.0243,0.0223,
30.0214,0.0195,0.0171,0.0135,0.0075,0.0,0.0937,0.0848,0.0770,
40.0732,0.0694,0.0627,0.0571,0.0522,0.0480,0.0412,0.0385,0.0337,
50.0278,0.0205,0.0105,0.0,0.1850,0.1520,0.1250,0.1140,0.1050,
60.0904,0.0795,0.0708,0.0636,0.0523,0.0478,0.0405,0.0323,0.0229,
70.0114,0.0,0.5310,0.3070,0.2120,0.1830,0.1600,0.1280,0.1060,
80.0899,0.0780,0.0612,0.0550,0.0455,0.0354,0.0246,0.0120,0.0,
90.7550,0.3720,0.2400,0.2020,0.1750,0.1370,0.1120,0.0942,0.0811,
A0.0631,0.0566,0.0466,0.0361,0.0250,0.0122,0.0,0.9120,0.4110,
B0.2560,0.2140,0.1840,0.1420,0.1150,0.0967,0.0830,0.0643,0.0575,
C0.0472,0.0365,0.0252,0.0122,0.0,0.9700,0.4200,0.2600,0.2200,
D0.1900,0.1460,0.1170,0.0980,0.0840,0.0653,0.0584,0.0478,0.0369,
E0.0254,0.0123,0.0 /
  DATA DR/0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,
1 0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,22.6,21.5,20.4,19.9,
2 19.4,18.5,17.6,16.8,16.1,14.8,14.2,13.2,12.0,10.4,8.6,
3 7.7,67.3,57.9,50.2,47.0,44.1,39.3,35.4,32.1,29.3,24.8,
4 22.9,19.7,16.3,12.7,9.4,8.1,132.0,98.5,77.4,69.7,63.2,
5 52.9,44.7,38.4,33.4,26.4,23.9,20.1,16.4,12.7,9.4,8.1,
6 340.0,167.0,103.0,86.1,73.4,56.7,46.2,38.9,33.6,26.4,24.0,
7 20.2,16.4,12.8,9.5,8.2,405.0,170.0,104.0,86.3,73.6,56.8,
8 46.3,38.9,33.7,26.5,24.1,20.3,16.5,12.8,9.5,8.2,421.0,
9 171.0,104.0,86.6,73.9,57.1,46.4,39.0,33.8,26.8,24.3,20.5,
A 16.6,13.0,9.8,8.4,446.0,172.0,105.0,87.4,74.0,58.0,46.6,
8 39.2,34.0,27.0,24.6,20.7,16.7,13.0,10.0,8.4/
  DATA ED,RTDEG/0.01,2.0,4.0,5.0,6.0,8.0,10.0,12.0,14.0,18.,20.,
124.,30.,40.,60.,90.,57.29578/
  DATA RD/0.01,10.,30.,60.,200.,400.,1000.,2000./
  IF(R.LE.0.0)GO TO 300
  RG=R/6080.27
  DO 100 IED=2,15
  I=17-IED
  IF(E.GE.ED(I))GO TO 120
100 CONTINUE
  I=1
120 DO 200 JRD=2,8
  J=10-JRD
  IF(RG.GE.RD(J))GO TO 220
200 CONTINUE
  J=1
220 IF(J.EQ.8)GO TO 340
  ZR=ALOG(RG/RD(J))/ALOG(ED(J+1)/RD(J))
  IF(E.LE.0.0)GO TO 320
  ZE=ALOG(E/ED(I))/ALOG(ED(I+1)/ED(I))
  DE1=((DE(I+1,J)-DE(I,J))*(1.-ZR)+(DE(I,J+1)-DE(I,J))*ZR)*ZE
  DE2=((DE(I,J+1)-DE(I,J))*(1.-ZE)+(DE(I+1,J+1)-DE(I,J+1))*ZE)*ZR
  DEE=DE1+DE2+DE(I,J)
  DR1=((DR(I+1,J)-DR(I,J))*(1.-ZR)+(DR(I,J+1)-DR(I,J))*ZR)*ZE
  DR2=((DR(I,J+1)-DR(I,J))*(1.-ZE)+(DR(I+1,J+1)-DR(I,J+1))*ZE)*ZR
  DRR=DR1+DR2+DR(I,J)
  GO TO 400

300 DEE=0.0
  DRR=0.0
  GO TO 400
320 DEE=DE(I,J)+(DE(I,J+1.-DE(I,J))*ZR
  DRR=DR(I,J)+(DR(I,J+1)-DR(I,J))*ZR
  GO TO 400
340 DELT=(E-ED(I))/(ED(I+1)-ED(I))
  DEE=DELT*(DE(I+1,J)-DE(I,J))+DE(I,J)
  DRR=DELT*(DR(I+1,J)-DR(I,J))+DR(I,J)
400 RETURN
  END

```

APPENDIX K
SUBROUTINE TSPLIT PROGRAM LISTING

```

SUBROUTINE TSPLIT(AVGTM,IHM,TRUN)
DIMENSION IHM(2),DIVIDE(2)
DOUBLE PRECISION AVGTM,TRUN
DATA DIVIDE/3600.,6C./
TRUN=AVGTM
DO 20 I=1,2
IHM(I)=TRUN/DIVIDE(I)
TRUN=TRUN-FLOAT(IHM(I))*DIVIDE(I)
20 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```